

Amritanilayam Stotras

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The diagram illustrates the number 100 using base ten blocks. It shows a collection of blocks arranged in a grid-like fashion, with some groups being larger than others. The total number of blocks represents 100. The blocks are arranged in a grid-like fashion, with some groups being larger than others. The total number of blocks represents 100.

Diagram illustrating the subtraction of 10 from 20 using base ten blocks:

- Top row: 2 tens rods and 0 units cubes.
- Second row: 1 ten rod and 10 units cubes, with a minus sign to the right.
- Third row: 1 ten rod and 0 units cubes, with a plus sign to the right.
- Bottom row: 1 ten rod and 10 units cubes, with a plus sign to the right.

The diagram illustrates the subtraction of 12 from 23 using base ten blocks. The top row represents the number 23, consisting of 2 tens rods and 3 ones units. The bottom row represents the result after subtracting 12, consisting of 1 ten rod, 12 ones units (formed by decomposing one ten rod from the top row), and 1 one unit (from the original 3 ones units).

[illegible]

A number line from 0 to 100. The line is marked with numbers every 10 units (0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100). Various numbers are marked by blocks:

- 0: 10 blocks
- 10: 10 blocks
- 20: 10 blocks
- 30: 10 blocks
- 40: 10 blocks
- 50: 10 blocks
- 60: 10 blocks
- 70: 10 blocks
- 80: 10 blocks
- 90: 10 blocks
- 100: 10 blocks

The diagram illustrates the subtraction of 10 from 100 using base ten blocks. The top row represents 100, consisting of 10 tens rods and 10 ones units. The bottom row represents the result after subtracting 10, showing 9 tens rods and 10 ones units. A minus sign and 10 ones units are crossed out, indicating the subtraction process.

